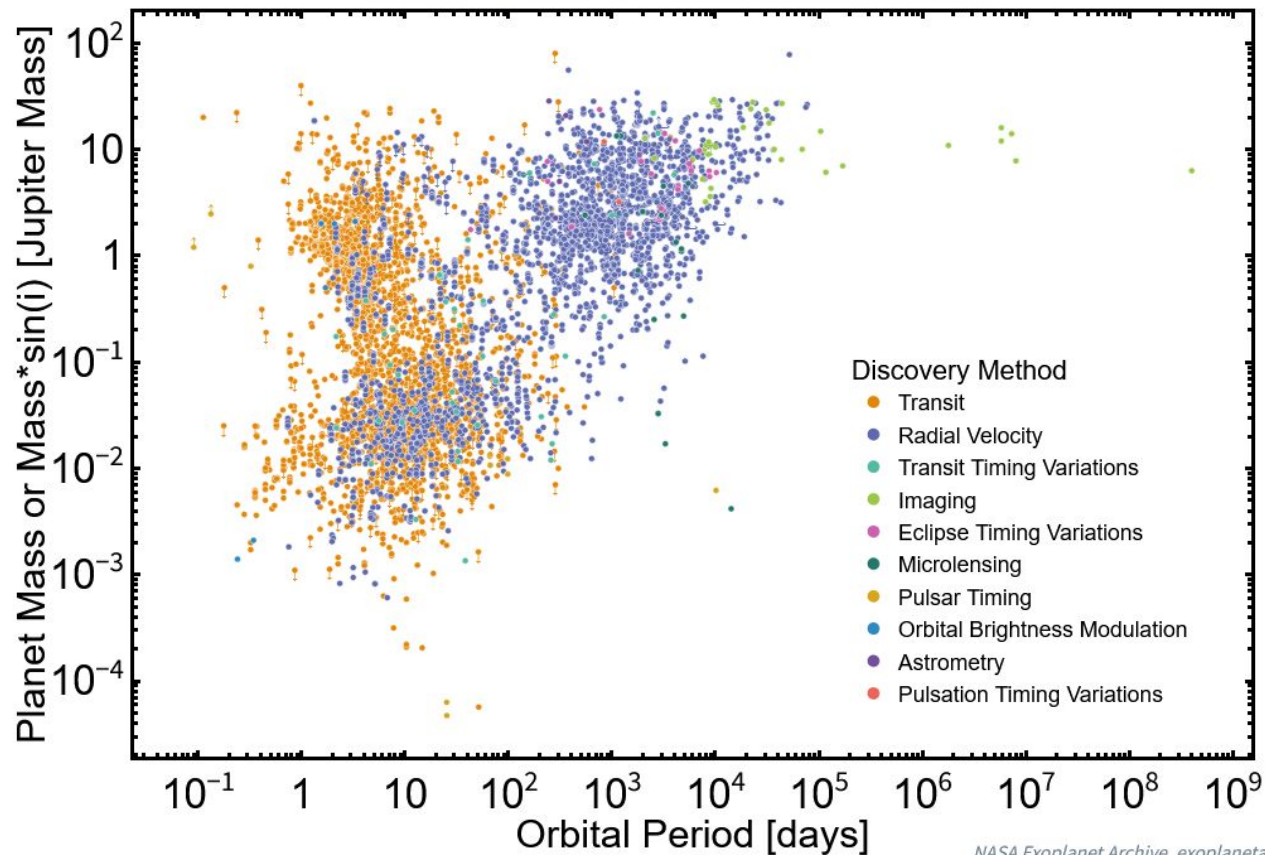


Orbit-Fitting Methodology for the Searching for Habitable Exoplanets with Relative Astrometry (SHERA) SMEx Mission Concept

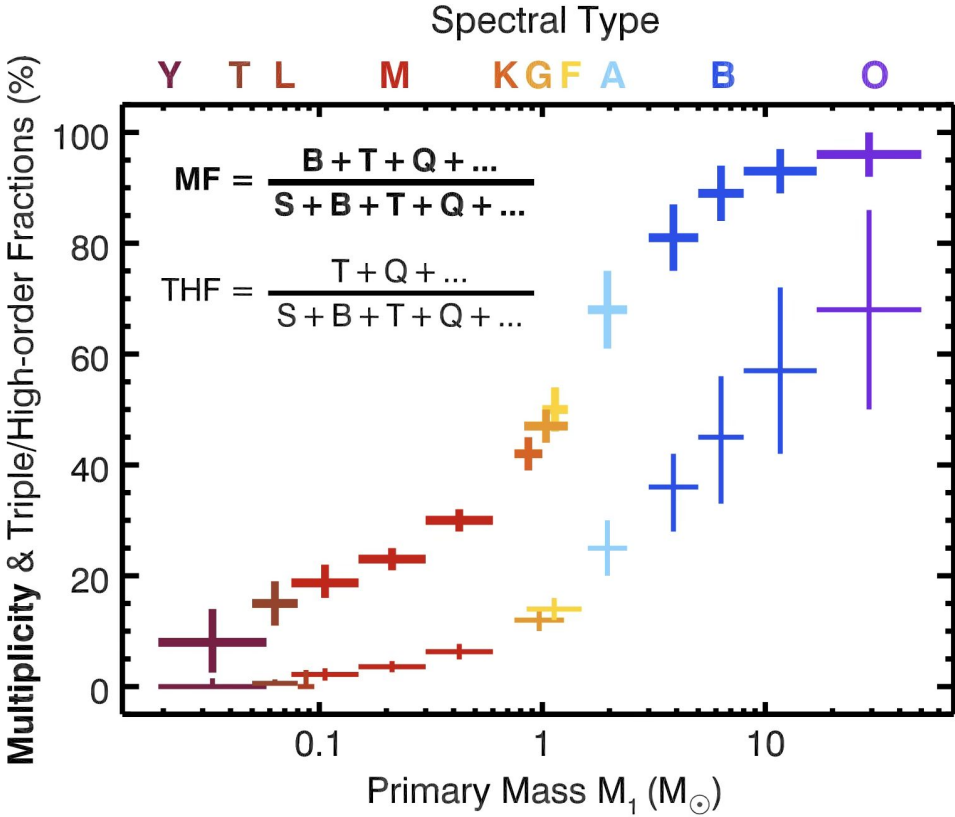
William Roberson



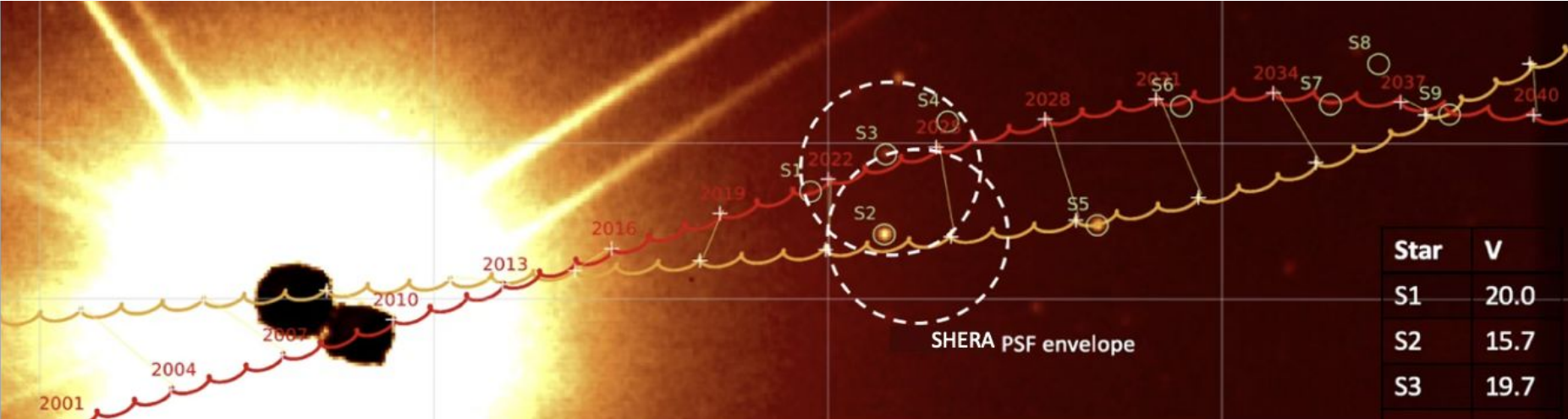
SHERA: Motivation



SHERA: Motivation

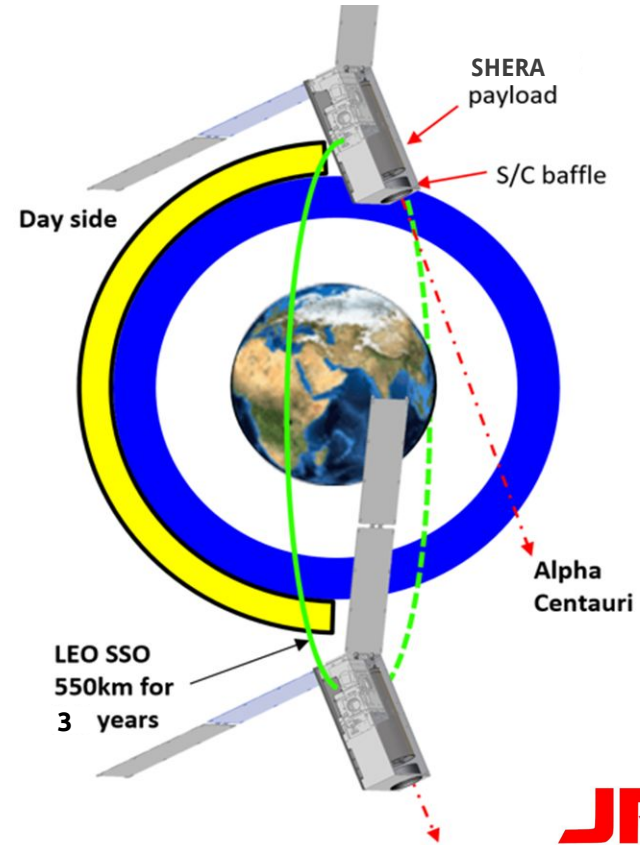


SHERA: Motivation



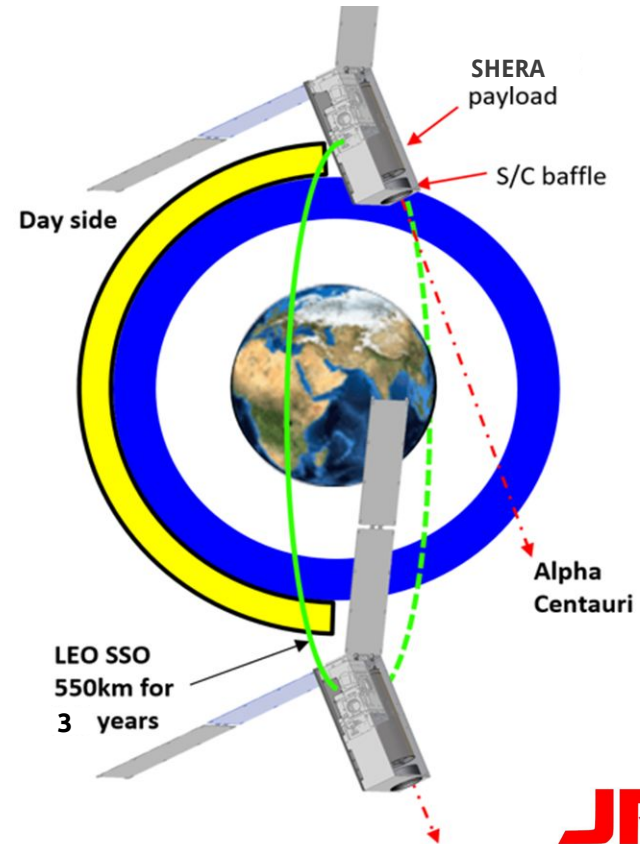
SHERA SMEx Mission Concept

- PI: Jessie Christiansen
- Will search nearby binaries for S-type habitable zone planets
- Will be able to detect Earth-analogs with microarcsecond astrometry
- Modified diffractive pupil allows for microarcsecond precision astrometry
- Preparation for HWO

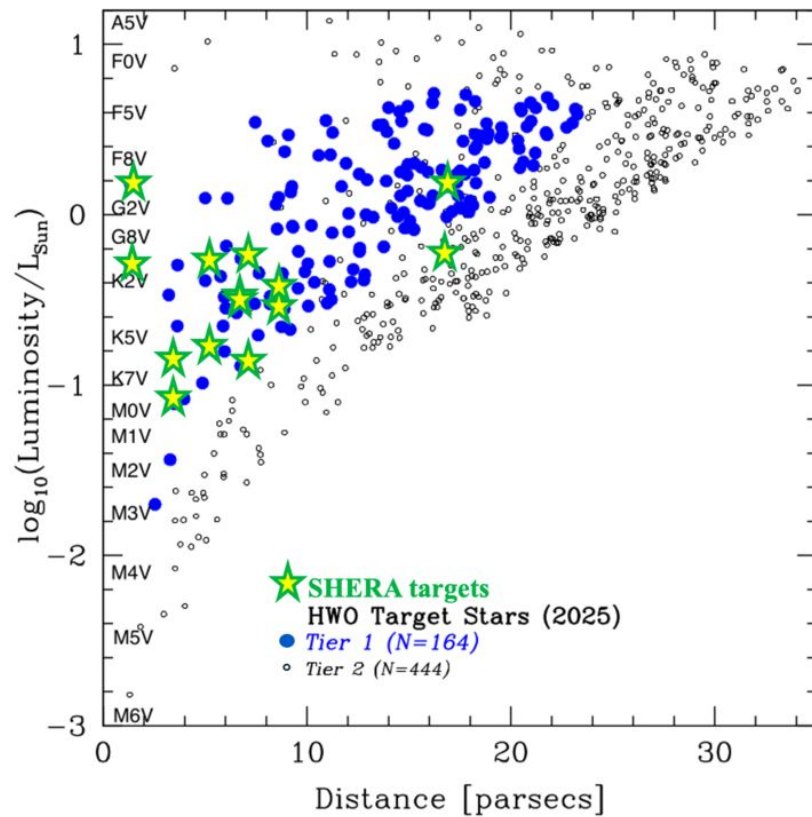


SHERA Science Goals

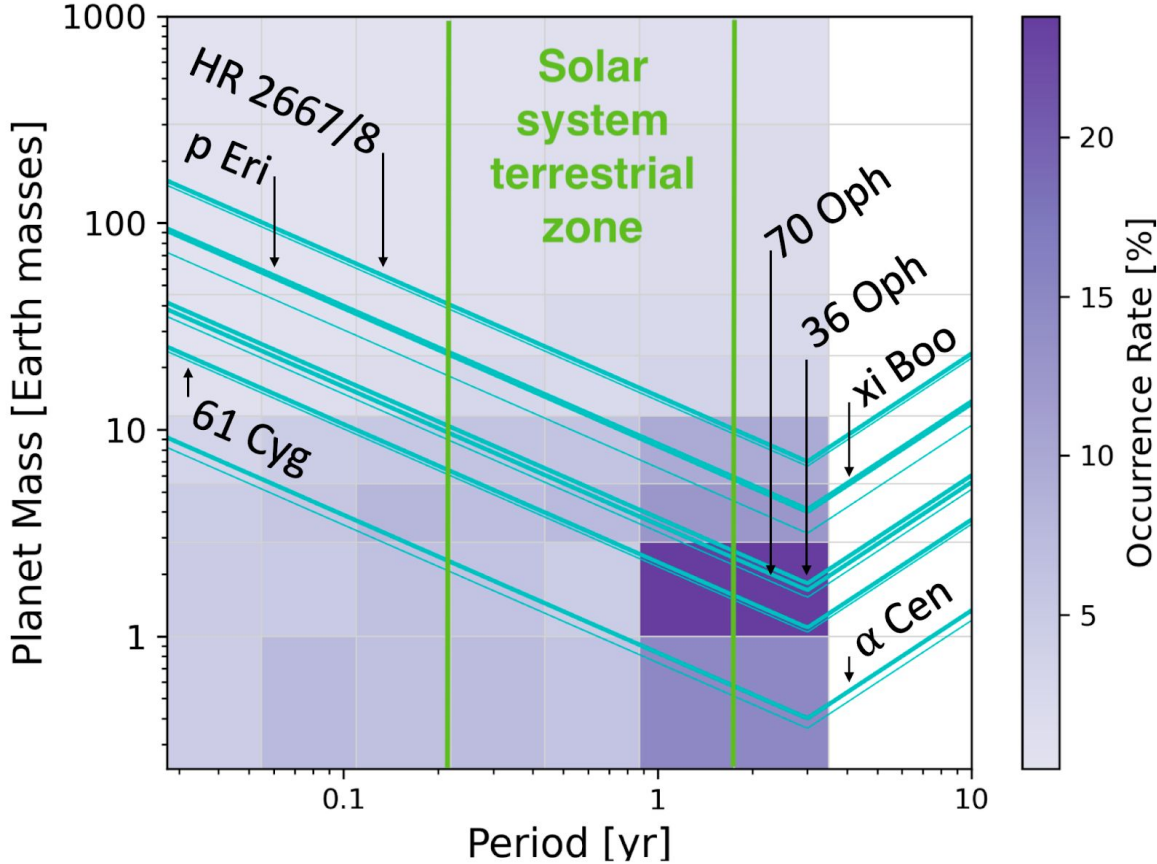
- Search nearby binaries for Earth-analog exoplanets
- Measure suppression of occurrence rate for Earth-analogs around binaries
- Inform HWO observation strategies for SHERA targets



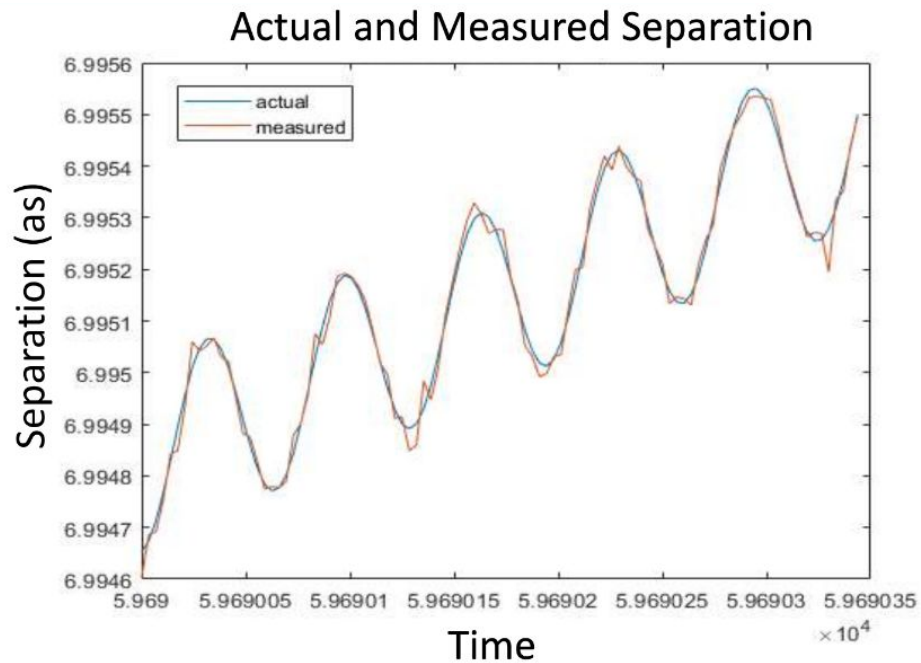
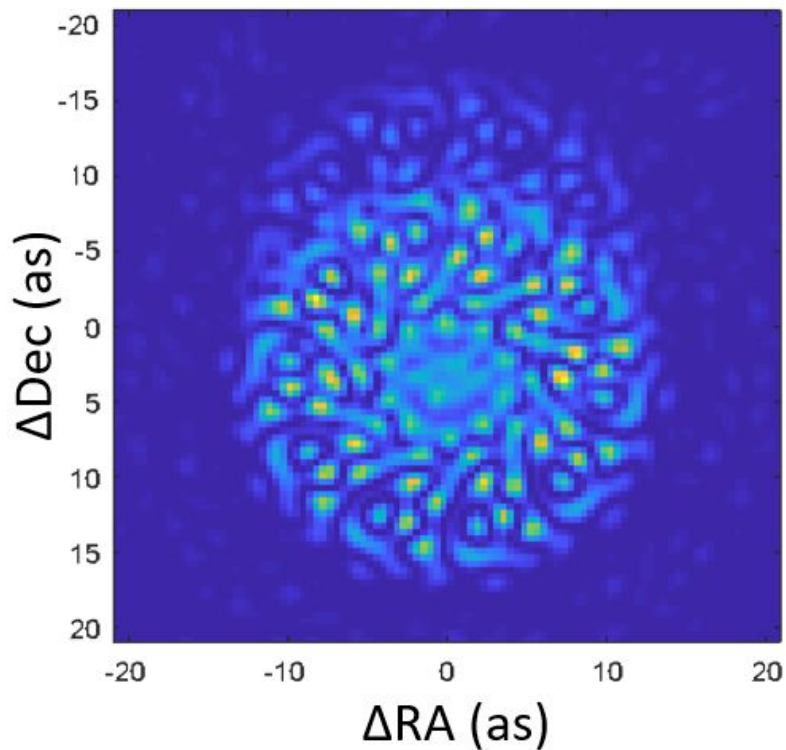
SHERA Targets



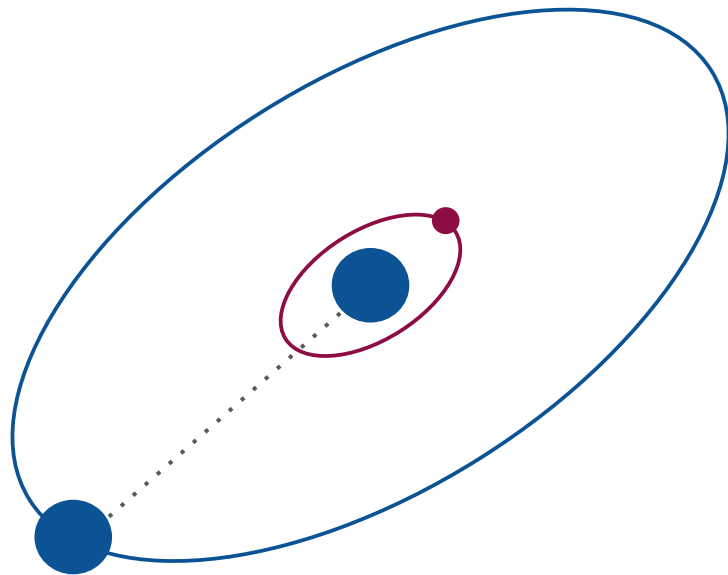
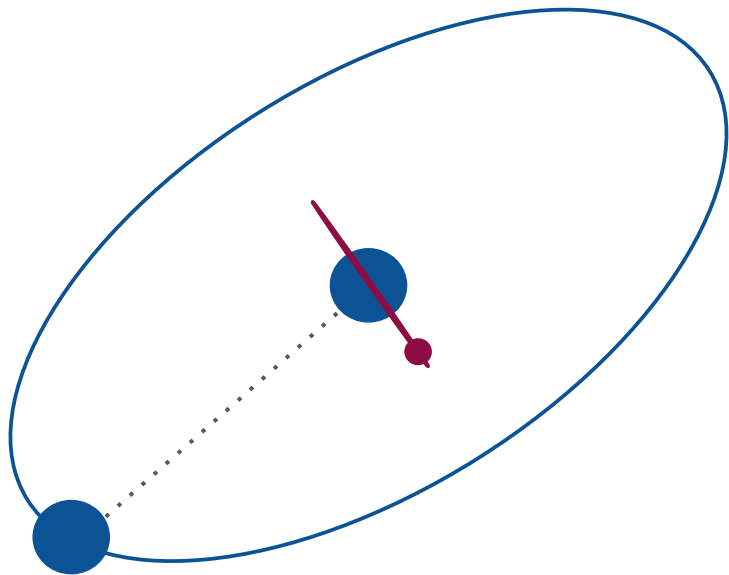
SHERA Sensitivity



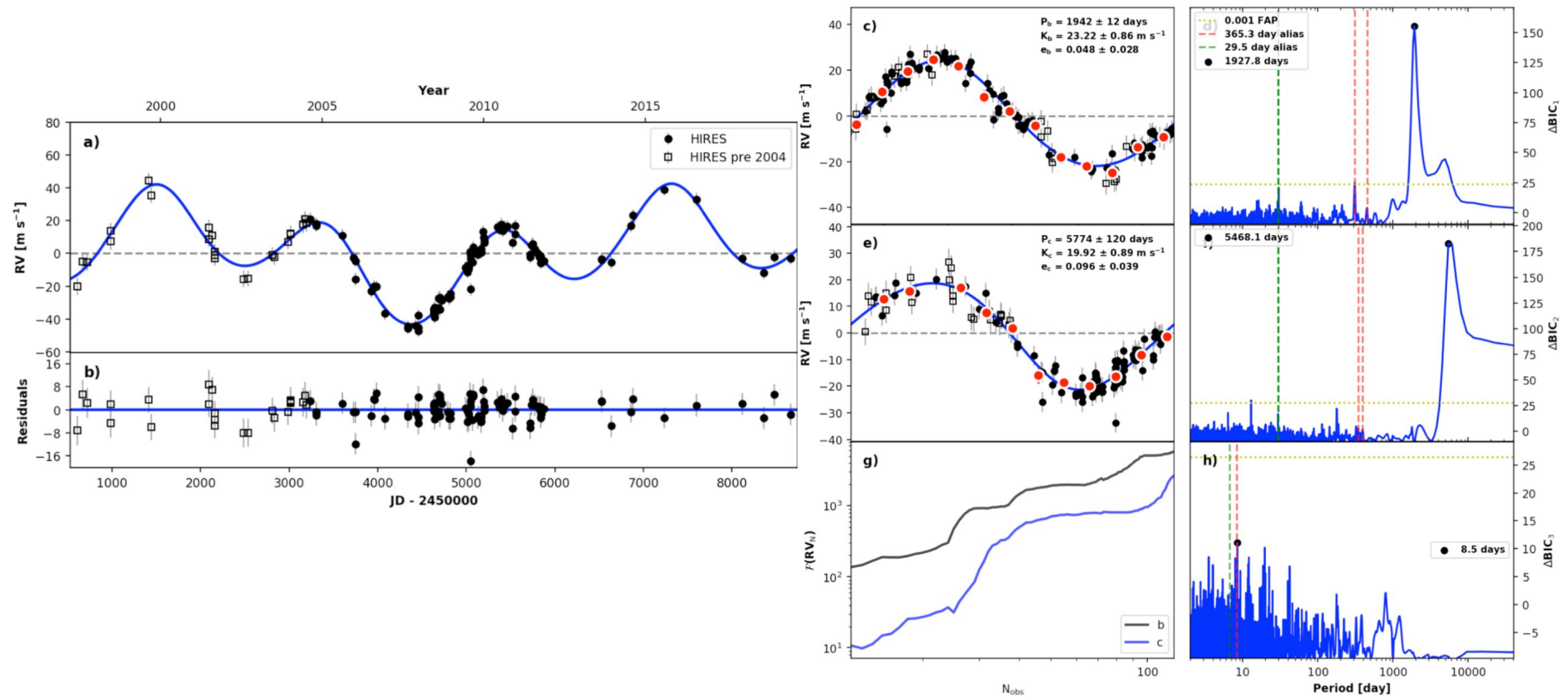
1D High Precision Astrometry



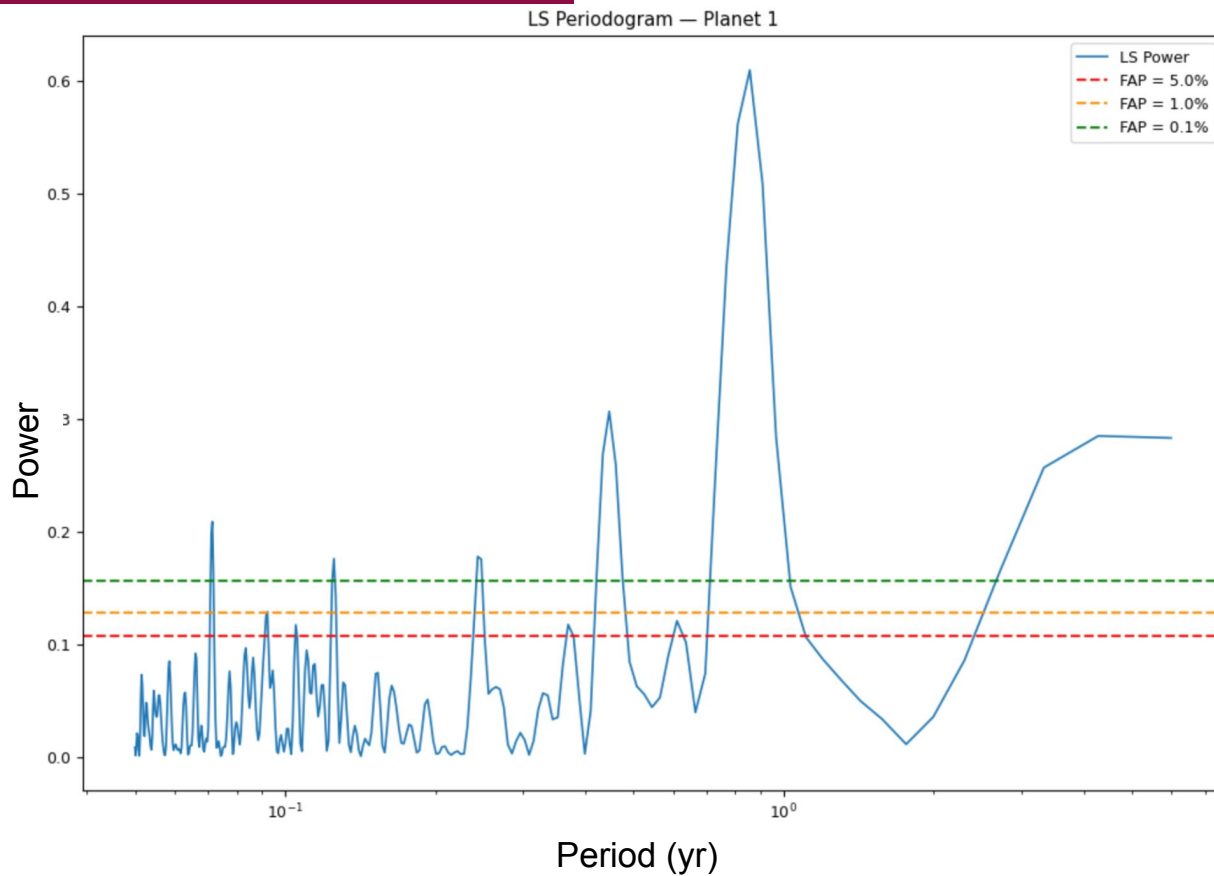
Assuming Coplanarity



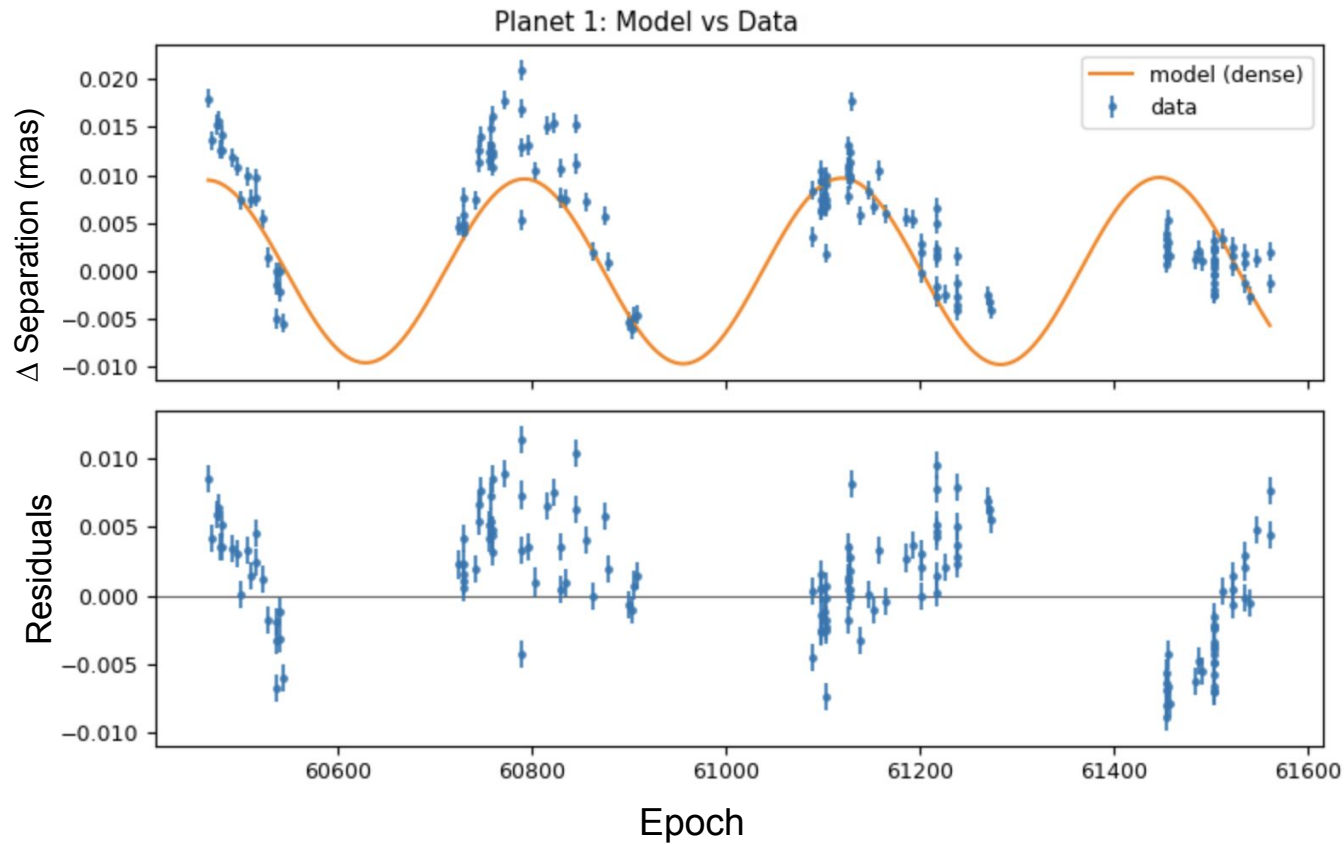
Planet Detection: Adapting RVsearch



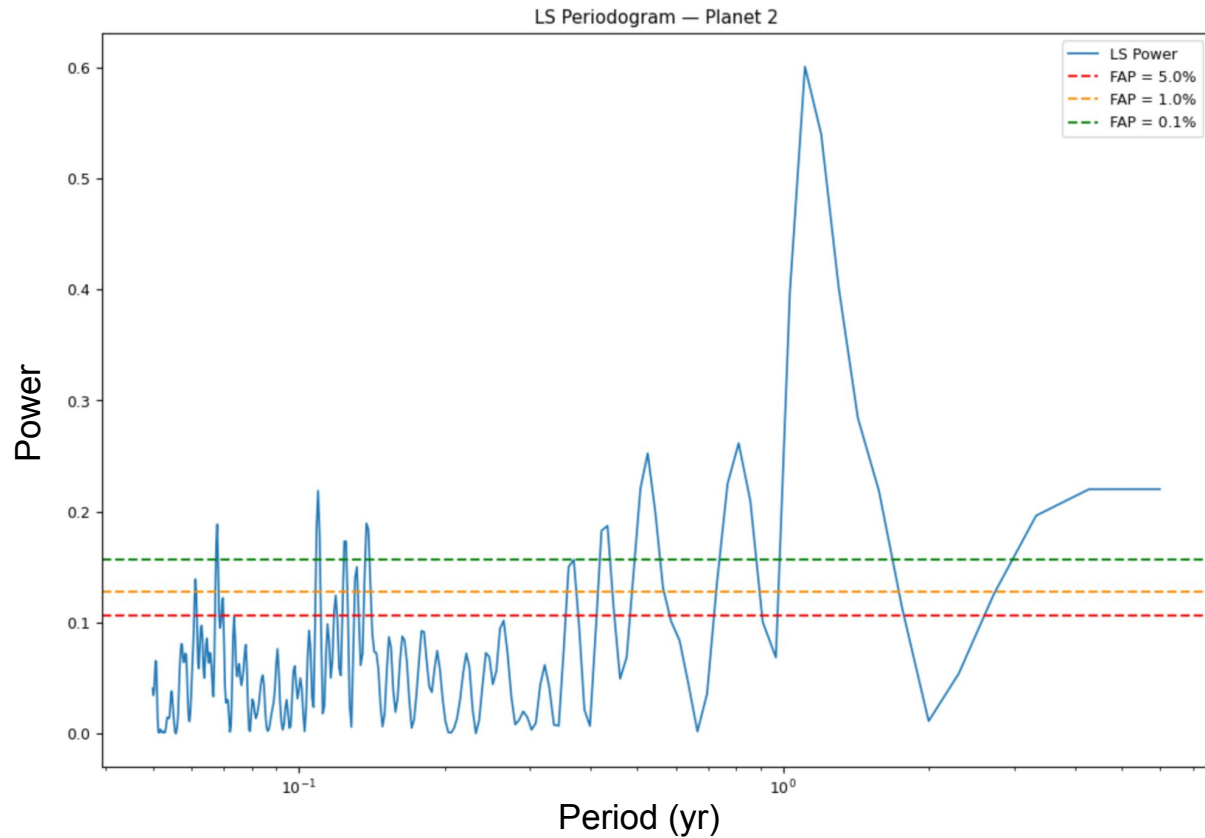
Planet Detection: Periodograms



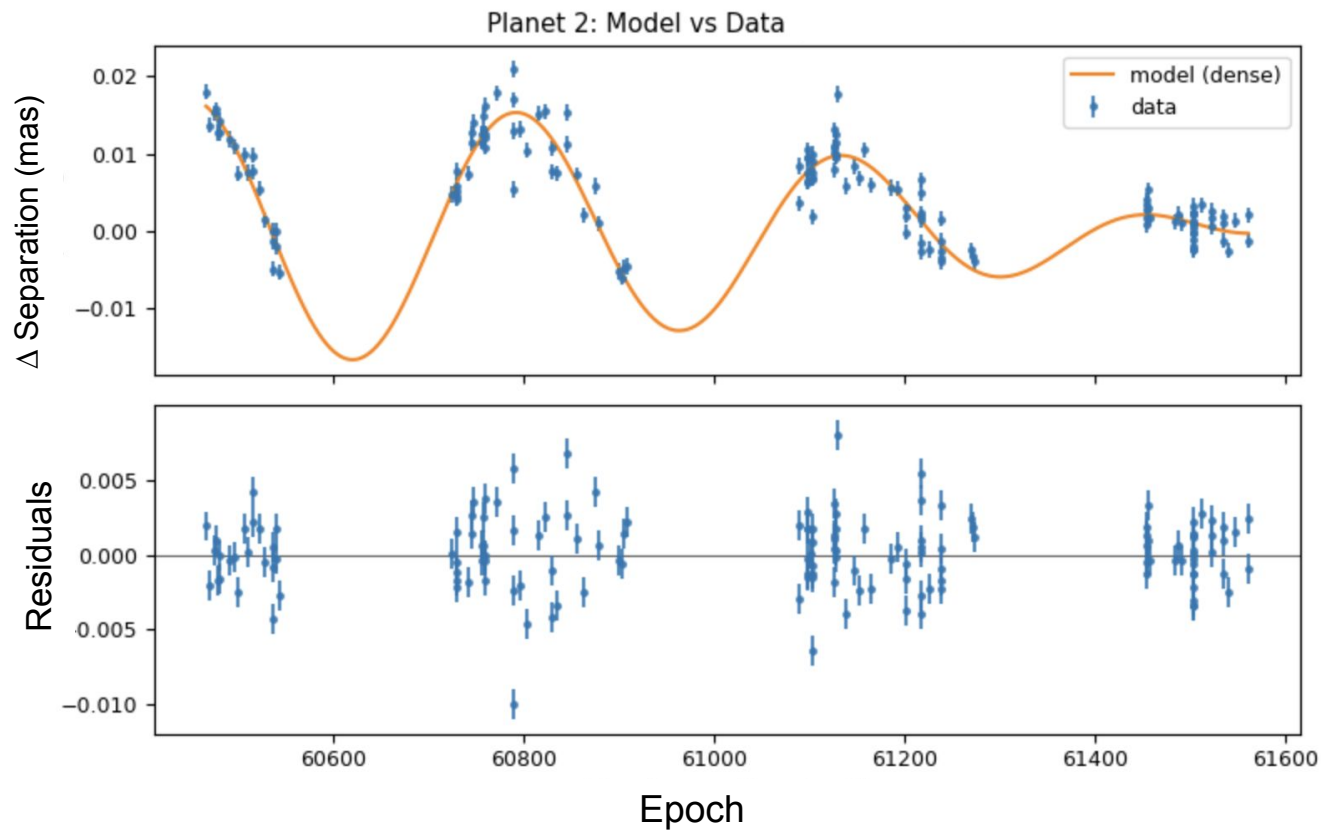
Planet Detection: MAP Fitting



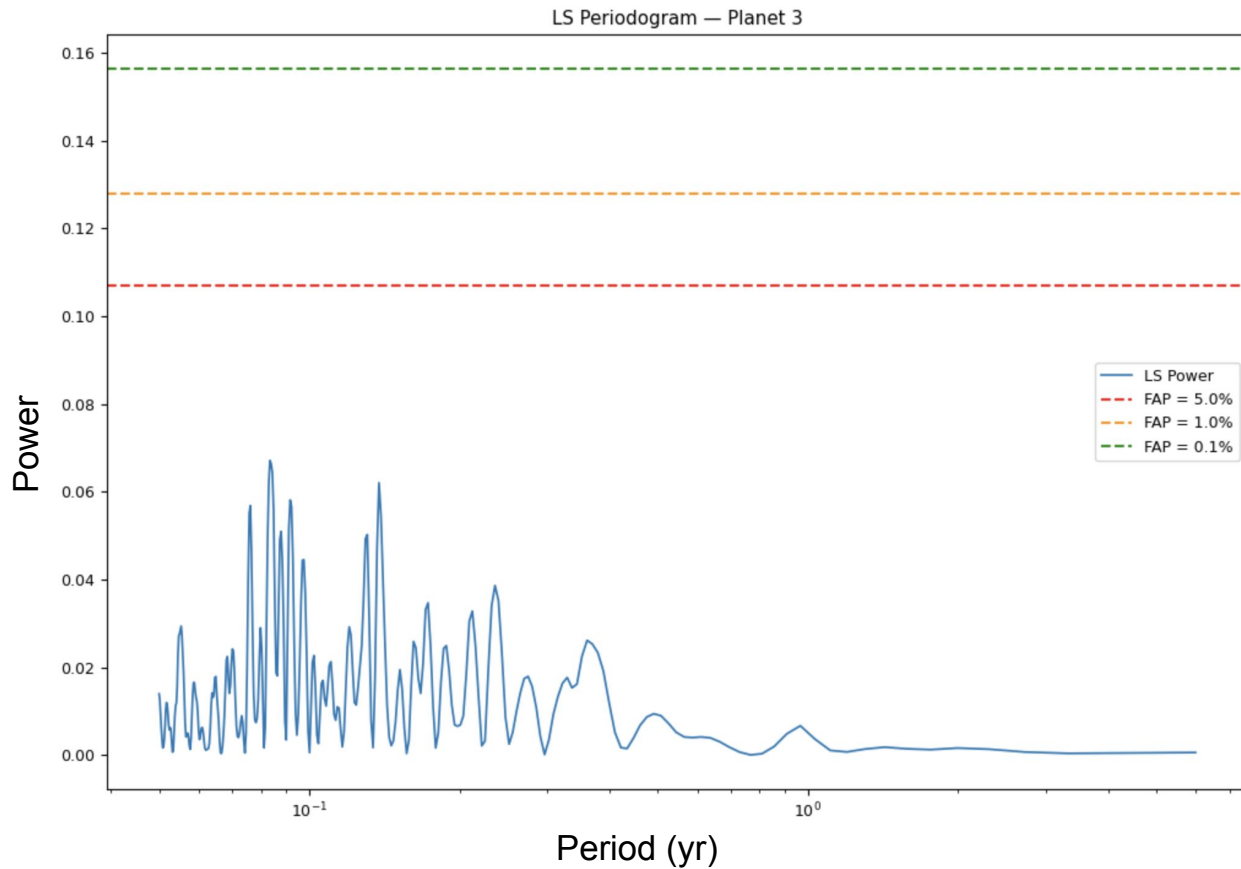
Planet Detection: Iterating



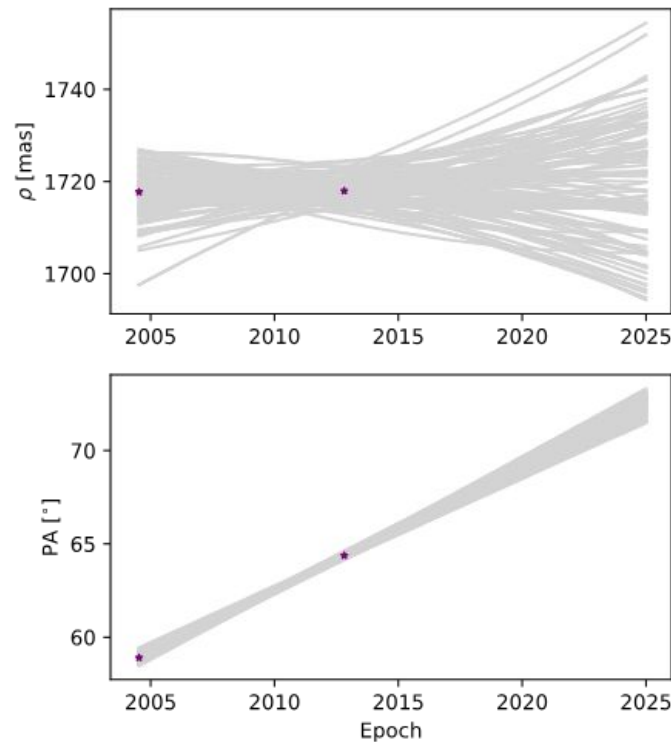
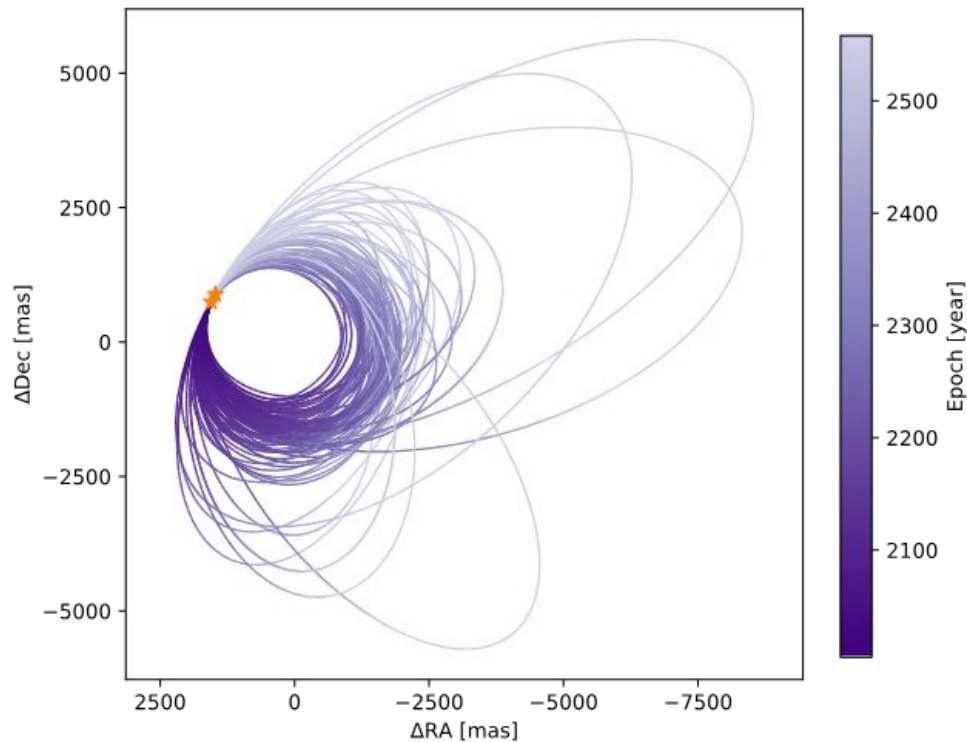
Planet Detection: Iterating



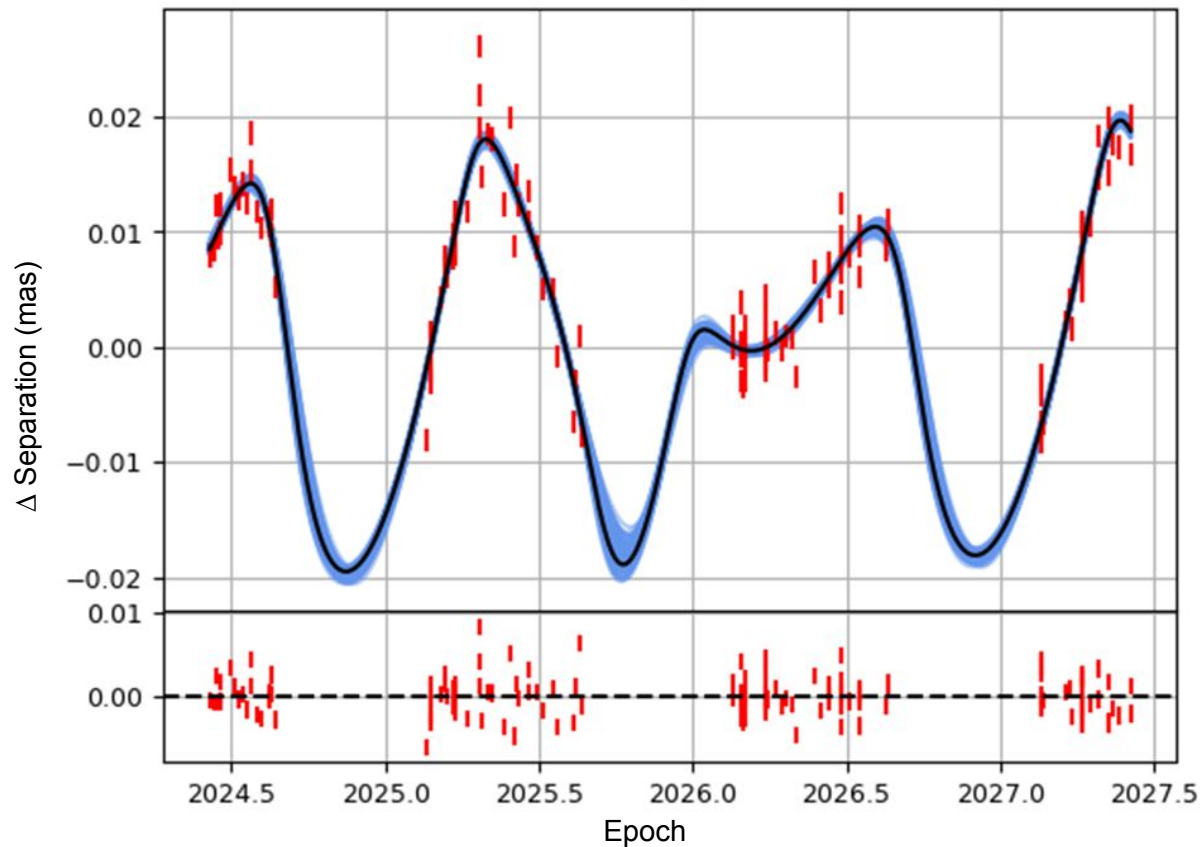
Planet Detection: Iterating



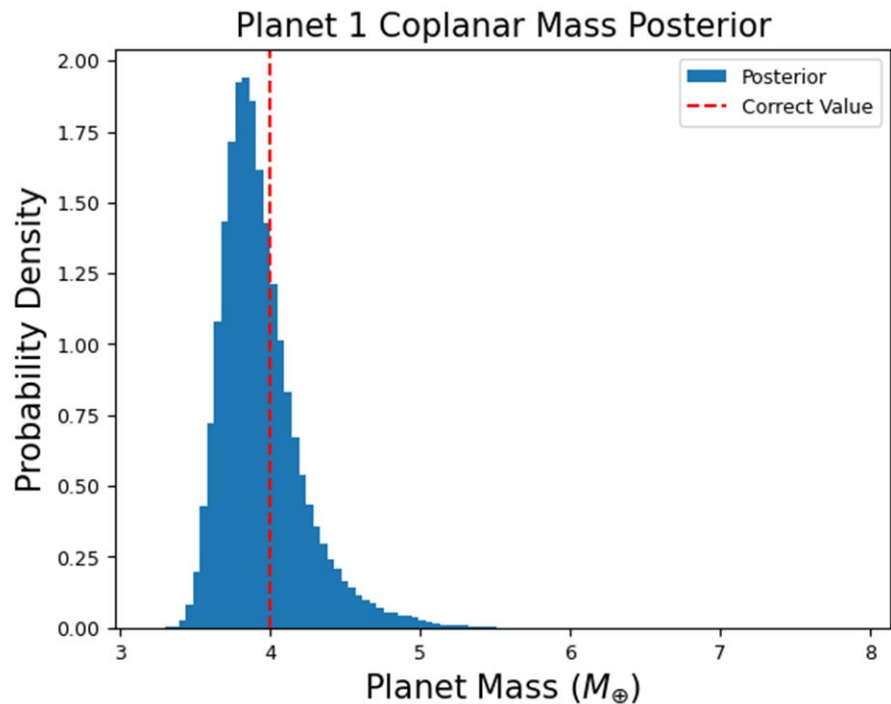
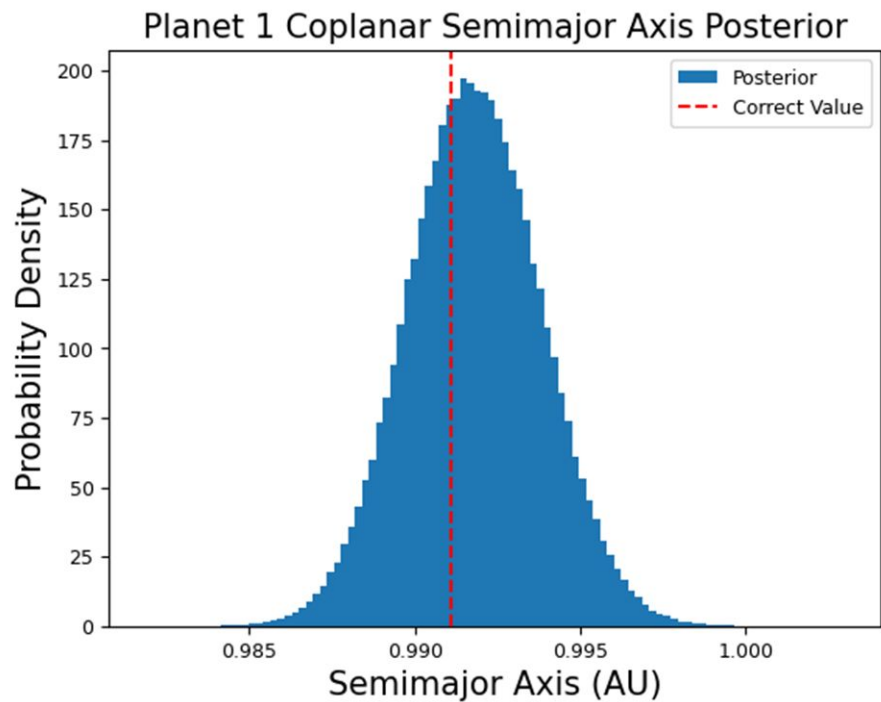
Planet Characterization: Adapting *orbitize!*



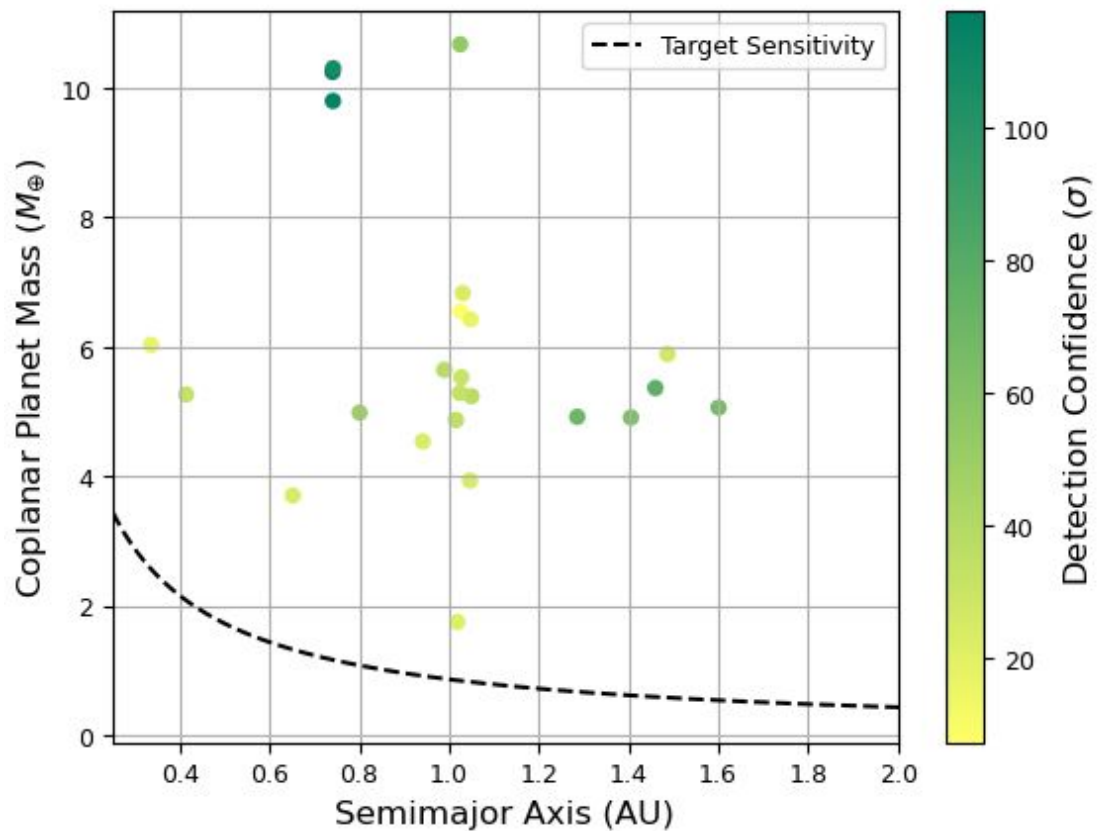
Planet Characterization: MCMC



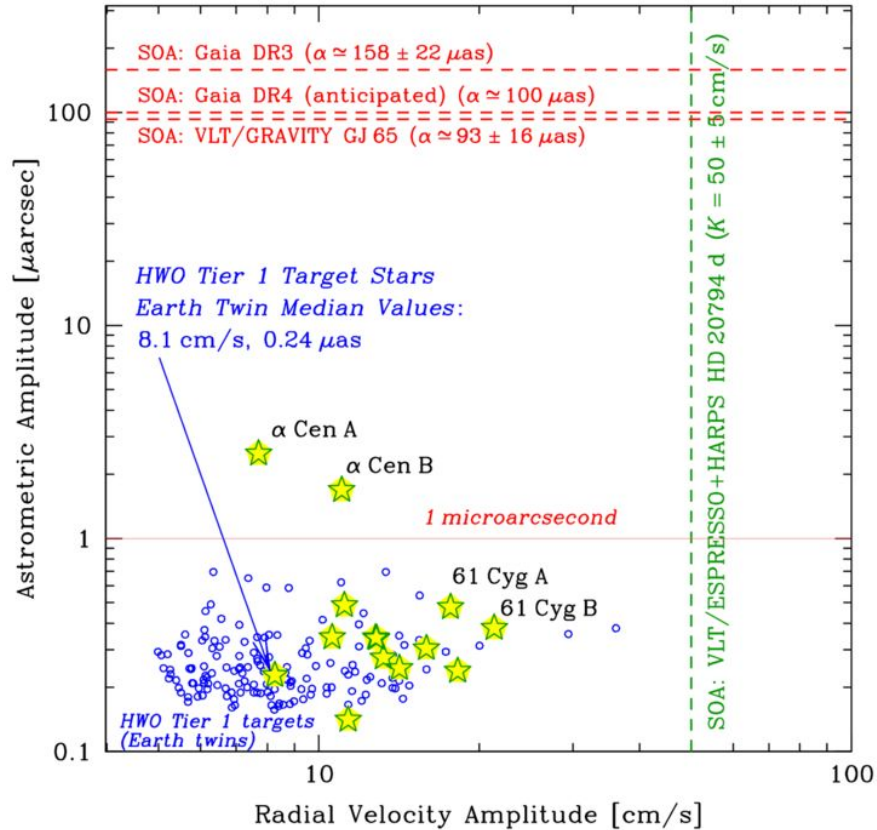
Results



Results

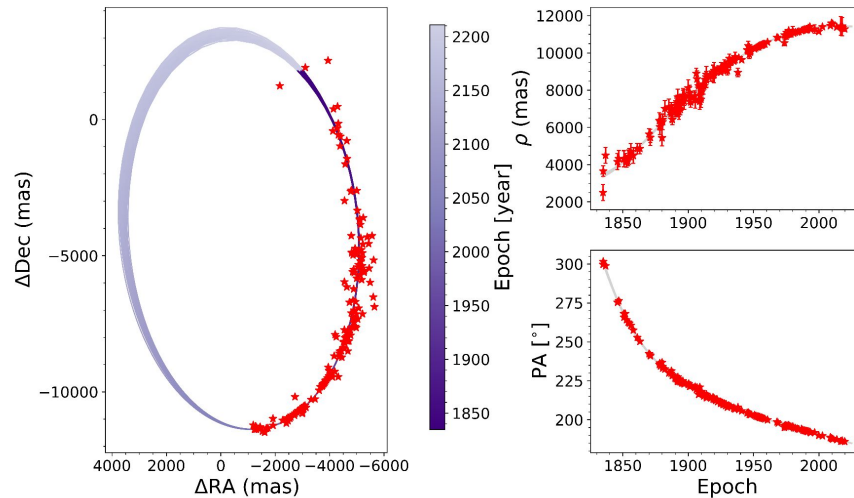


Preparation for HWO



Future Work

- Simulating and fitting planets on the edge of SHERA sensitivity
- Testing planet detection algorithm on more complex system architectures
- Improving orbits of SHERA binaries



Summary

- We can detect planets down to ~ 1 Earth mass with simulated SHERA data
- We can disentangle multiple planets from a single data set
- We measure coplanar mass to $\sim 10\%$ precision and semimajor axis to $\sim 1\%$ precision